

**eTable 2.** Results of vector autoregressive models of the estimated effect of affordability of alcohol on alcohol-related mortality according to education among men, Finland in 1988-2007.

Alcohol type and education	Seasonally unadjusted VAR			Seasonally adjusted VAR	
	Lags	OIRF	95% CI	OIRF	95% CI
<i>Distilled spirits</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.003</b>	<b>-0.030, 0.036</b>	0.003	-0.035, 0.028
Secondary	1	<b>0.026</b>	<b>0.001, 0.051</b>	0.022	-0.002, 0.045
Basic	1	<b>0.007</b>	<b>-0.010, 0.024</b>	0.000	-0.015, 0.015
All	1	0.014	-0.001, 0.029	<b>0.007</b>	<b>-0.005, 0.019</b>
<i>Wine</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.009</b>	<b>-0.010, 0.029</b>	0.006	-0.019, 0.031
Secondary	1	<b>0.025</b>	<b>0.001, 0.049</b>	0.024	0.002, 0.047
Basic	1	<b>0.008</b>	<b>-0.003, 0.018</b>	0.001	-0.012, 0.011
All	1	0.012	0.002, 0.023	<b>0.006</b>	<b>-0.003, 0.015</b>
<i>Beer, strong</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.004</b>	<b>-0.027, 0.036</b>	-0.002	-0.034, 0.029
Secondary	1	<b>0.028</b>	<b>0.003, 0.053</b>	0.022	-0.001, 0.046
Basic	1	<b>0.007</b>	<b>-0.010, 0.024</b>	0.001	-0.017, 0.014
All	1	0.015	0.001, 0.030	<b>0.006</b>	<b>-0.006, 0.018</b>
<i>Beer, medium</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.003</b>	<b>-0.028, 0.035</b>	-0.003	-0.034, 0.028
Secondary	1	<b>0.026</b>	<b>0.001, 0.051</b>	0.023	-0.000, 0.046
Basic	2	<b>0.019</b>	<b>0.001, 0.037</b>	0.019	0.003, 0.036
All	1	0.015	0.001, 0.030	<b>0.008</b>	<b>-0.004, 0.020</b>

VAR=Vector autoregressive model; OIRF= Orthogonalized impulse response function; CI=Confidence interval.

Model estimates in bold indicate models with a better fit according to Schwartz Bayesian, Hannan-Quinn and Akaike Information Criterion.

**eTable 3.** Orthogonalized impulse response functions from vector autoregressive models of the estimated effect of affordability of alcohol on alcohol-related mortality according to education among women, Finland in 1988-2007.

Alcohol type and education	Seasonally unadjusted VAR			Seasonally adjusted VAR	
	Lags	OIRF	95% CI	OIRF	95% CI
<i>Distilled spirits</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.009</b>	<b>-0.073, 0.092</b>	-0.002	-0.085, 0.081
Secondary	1	<b>0.037</b>	<b>-0.022, 0.097</b>	0.027	-0.031, 0.085
Basic	1	<b>0.028</b>	<b>-0.015, 0.072</b>	0.027	-0.016, 0.070
All	1	<b>0.025</b>	<b>-0.010, 0.060</b>	0.022	-0.013, 0.056
<i>Wine</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.021</b>	<b>-0.027, 0.069</b>	0.024	-0.045, 0.093
Secondary	1	<b>0.010</b>	<b>-0.026, 0.045</b>	-0.013	-0.060, 0.033
Basic	1	<b>0.013</b>	<b>-0.014, 0.040</b>	0.005	-0.030, 0.040
All	1	<b>0.013</b>	<b>-0.006, 0.033</b>	0.011	-0.020, 0.042
<i>Beer, strong</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.017</b>	<b>-0.062, 0.095</b>	0.003	-0.079, 0.086
Secondary	1	<b>0.045</b>	<b>-0.014, 0.103</b>	0.032	-0.026, 0.089
Basic	1	<b>0.025</b>	<b>-0.018, 0.068</b>	0.021	-0.022, 0.063
All	1	<b>0.029</b>	<b>0.005, 0.063</b>	0.023	-0.011, 0.058
<i>Beer, medium</i>					
Tertiary	1	<b>0.010</b>	<b>-0.066, 0.086</b>	-0.003	-0.083, 0.076
Secondary	1	<b>0.038</b>	<b>-0.020, 0.097</b>	0.028	-0.029, 0.085
Basic	1	<b>0.022</b>	<b>-0.022, 0.065</b>	0.022	-0.013, 0.056
All	1	<b>0.026</b>	<b>0.008, 0.061</b>	0.020	-0.023, 0.063

VAR=Vector autoregressive model; OIRF= Orthogonalized impulse response function; CI=Confidence interval.

Model estimates in bold indicate models with a better fit according to Schwartz Bayesian, Hannan-Quinn and Akaike Information Criterion.

**eTable 4.** Orthogonalized impulse response functions from vector autoregressive models of the estimated effect of affordability of alcohol on alcohol-related mortality according to education among men, Sweden in 1991-2008.

Alcohol type and education	Seasonally unadjusted VAR			Seasonally adjusted VAR	
	Lags	OIRF	95% CI	OIRF	95% CI
<i>Distilled spirits</i>					
Tertiary	1	-0.001	-0.101, 0.099	<b>0.004</b>	<b>-0.076, 0.083</b>
Secondary	1	0.022	-0.013, 0.056	<b>0.027</b>	<b>-0.001, 0.055</b>
Basic	1	-0.019	-0.045, 0.007	<b>0.007</b>	<b>-0.014, 0.029</b>
All	1	-0.003	-0.022, 0.017	<b>0.011</b>	<b>-0.005, 0.026</b>
<i>Wine</i>					
Tertiary	1	0.003	-0.096, 0.102	<b>0.010</b>	<b>-0.069, 0.089</b>
Secondary	2	<b>0.018</b>	<b>-0.001, 0.037</b>	0.021	0.001, 0.041
Basic	1	<b>-0.011</b>	<b>-0.026, 0.004</b>	0.002	-0.019, 0.024
All	1	-0.001	-0.021, 0.019	<b>0.013</b>	<b>-0.003, 0.028</b>
<i>Beer</i>					
Tertiary	1	0.002	-0.095, 0.100	<b>0.017</b>	<b>-0.061, 0.095</b>
Secondary	1	0.018	-0.017, 0.053	<b>0.020</b>	<b>-0.008, 0.048</b>
Basic	2	0.007	-0.015, 0.028	<b>0.018</b>	<b>-0.004, 0.040</b>
All	1	-0.005	-0.024, 0.015	<b>0.012</b>	<b>-0.003, 0.028</b>

VAR=Vector autoregressive model; OIRF= Orthogonalized impulse response function;  
CI=Confidence interval.

Model estimates in bold indicate models with a better fit according to Schwartz Bayesian, Hannan-Quinn and Akaike Information Criterion.

**eTable 5.** Orthogonalized impulse response functions from vector autoregressive models of the estimated effect of affordability of alcohol on alcohol-related mortality according to education among women, Sweden in 1991-2008.

Alcohol type and education	Seasonally unadjusted VAR			Seasonally adjusted VAR	
	Lags	OIRF	95% CI	OIRF	95% CI
<i>Distilled spirits</i>					
Tertiary	1	-0.058	-0.259, 0.143	<b>0.017</b>	<b>-0.118, 0.152</b>
Secondary	5	<b>-0.064</b>	<b>-0.109, -0.019</b>	-0.038	-0.069,-0.007
Basic	3	<b>-0.026</b>	<b>-0.057, 0.005</b>	-0.012	-0.041, 0.015
All	3	<b>-0.031</b>	<b>-0.058, 0.004</b>	-0.021	-0.046, 0.004
<i>Wine</i>					
Tertiary	1	-0.016	-0.218, 0.185	<b>0.023</b>	<b>-0.112, 0.158</b>
Secondary	5	<b>-0.054</b>	<b>-0.101, -0.008</b>	-0.032	-0.065, 0.000
Basic	3	<b>-0.019</b>	<b>-0.049, 0.010</b>	-0.009	-0.039, 0.022
All	3	<b>-0.022</b>	<b>-0.048, 0.004</b>	-0.014	-0.039, 0.011
<i>Beer</i>					
Tertiary	1	-0.046	-0.245, 0.153	<b>0.028</b>	<b>-0.104, 0.161</b>
Secondary	1	-0.119	-0.190, -0.047	<b>-0.073</b>	<b>-0.133, 0.014</b>
Basic	3	-0.036	-0.084, 0.012	<b>-0.003</b>	<b>-0.048, 0.042</b>
All	3	-0.047	-0.080, -0.014	<b>-0.021</b>	<b>-0.056, 0.015</b>

VAR=Vector autoregressive model; OIRF= Orthogonalized impulse response function; CI=Confidence interval.

Model estimates in bold indicate models with a better fit according to Schwartz Bayesian, Hannan-Quinn and Akaike Information Criterion.